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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

The killed, wounded and missing in the battles of July 1st and 2d at Santiago are officially reported by Shafter as 1,593. ——Six battalions of artillery and two regiments of infantry from Tampa, have reached Santiago. —— Spain is considering a ten-days' armistice. —— Sampson says the Spanish ships Vizcaya, Maria Teresa and Cristobal Colon may be saved. —— The great battle expected at Santiago yesterday did not take place; the Spanish commander seeking to make terms with Shafter by which he might save his army from capture. ——Camara's squadron has sailed from Port Said for Carthagena. —— Clyde steamer Delaware, from York for Charleston, burned and abandoned off Barnegat, Friday night; no lives lost. ——New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton dull —uplands 6 3-16c; flour quiet but steadily held; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 91c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 37¼c; rosin firm; strained common to good, $1 42½@1 45; spirits turpentine firm at 26½@27c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 9.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 75 deg.; 8 P.M., 79 deg.; maximum, 89 deg.; minimum, 73 deg.; mean, 81 deg.

Rainfall for the day. T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.90 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 16.2 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

General rains have occurred, and were heavy in the Atlantic coast and Mississippi valley districts. Generally cloudy weather prevails. The temperature changes have been slight.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, except showers near the coast; variable winds becoming northerly.

Port Almanac—July 10.

Sun Rises	4.51 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.18 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 38 M.
High Water at Southport	1.11 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3.41 P. M.

Hawaii, Mr. Dole?

Most of Spain's navy is where it will keep; in the briny deep.

The Spanish Cruiser Alfonso XIII damaged by fire at Cadiz. There it is again, that horrid old hoodooed 13.

Admiral Cervera may be a clever sailor man as such things go in Spain, but he showed just sea craft enough to get bottled up, and gobbled up after he slipped out of the bottle.

The Spanish cruiser Alfonso XIII is reported to have been damaged by fire at Cadiz. But she wasn't as much damaged as Cervera's ships were by the American fire off Santiago.

The entire Mexican colony at El Paso, Texas, joined the Americans in celebrating the Fourth of July and President Diaz did the sociable, neighborly thing in sending over two military bands to do the tooting for the occasion.

Sagasta says Spain will push the war to the end. But it seems to be the other fellow who is pushing, and he has Spain jammed down pretty near the end. The push on that side seems to be principally in Sagasta's jaw.

The first intimation the Spanish Governor of the Ladrone Islands had that his country was at war with the U. S. was when the captain of the Charleston sent him a polite request to surrender, with which he promptly complied.

The Baltimore *Herald* says Commodore Schley sawed wood for fifty cents a day when a young man. And so did Sampson, who as a boy did chores around with his father, who was a day laborer. From this the Spanish commanders may have learned that it isn't funny to run up against American wood-sawyers.

Lieut. Wainwright, who engaged and did up both of the Spanish torpedo boat destroyers, the Furor and Pluton, with his little Gloucester, formerly the yacht Corsair, is also attracting some attention. The pluck with which he tackled those two indicates that he would have gone for a half dozen of them and made it hot for them if they had been there.

It is said that the Ladrone islands (islands of thieves) which Captain Glass, of the Charleston, picked up on his way to Manila, abound in wild cattle, swine and large game. A pretty good game preserve for some of our rich sportsmen.

If there be anything in a name the new Japanese cabinet with Hons. Tsugunsichi, Katsuri, Masilusosi, Hagakiki and Staggokakki would be a pretty tough combination to tackle on a warm day.

Minister of War Correa who could hardly "restrain his joyful emotions" when he heard how Montojo did Dewey up, may now give full vent to them.

The "lone Indian" is not so lonely after all. There is about 250,000 of him left in this country.

If the Temerario will remain up that creek in Uruguay until the war closes she may escape.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Blue Ridge Springs.
Alleghany Springs, Va.
W. S. W.—Get a stamp.
J. H. Bunting—Strength.
A. Prempert—Remember.
W. B. Cooper—Hoop iron.
Str. Wilmington—Schedule.
D. L. Gore—Corn and meal.
Kure House—Carolina Beach.
C. W. Yates & Co.—New books.
J. W. Murchison—Save money.
Oceanic Hotel—Carolina Beach.
Vollers & Hashagen—Provisions.
Wil. Savings & Trust Co.—Strong.
S. W. Sanders—Hams, roe herring.
C. W. Polvogt & Co.—Special sale.
Owen F. Love & Co.—Cook'g exh'n
First Bap. S. S.—Excursion to Carolina Beach.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

I. Shrier—New store for rent.
Young Man—Situation wanted.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. W. A. Walls, of Wilson, is visiting Mrs. E. Warren.

— Mr. Thomas Woodruff Jr., of Mt. Airy is a visitor in the city.

—Mr. Dennis Biggs, of Williamston, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Graham, of Abbottsburg, was a visitor to this office yesterday.

— Mr. M. M. Moore, of Burgaw, was a welcome visitor to the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Royster, of Rockingham, are registered at The Orton.

— Miss Mabel Price, of Southport, is in the city, visiting friends and relatives.

— Mrs. J. W. Sneeden returned home yesterday from a visit to relatives at Mount Olive.

— Mrs. O. T. Smith, of Durham, arrived yesterday to spend a while at Carolina Beach.

— Mr. I. C. Loftin, one of C. W. Polvogt & Co's clever salesmen, left last night for a week's vacation.

— Miss Virginia Riddick, of Gatesville, arrived yesterday to spend some time with her cousin, Mrs. C. D. Bell.

— Miss Annie Pearsall, of Duplin county, is visiting the family of Mr. H. G. Smallbones, on Greenville Sound.

— Messrs. L. G. Cole and C. C. Thomas, of Durham, arrived yesterday to join their families at Carolina Beach.

— Mrs. L. L. Ardrey, of Burgaw, was in the city yesterday, returning home from a visit to relatives near Charlotte.

— Mr. M. Lowenburg, of Charlotte, a prominent representative of the Immediate Benefit Life Insurance Company, is in the city.

— Mr. Charlie James, of Greenville, arrived in the city yesterday to visit his aunt, Mrs. H. L. Fennell, on Masonboro Sound.

— Mrs. A. C. Craft and children, and Miss Gertrude Jacobs, returned home yesterday from a visit to Miss Lucy Matthews, of Rose Hill.

— Mr. A. M. Scales, of Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday to join his wife, who has been here for several weeks visiting the family of her father, Col. Jno. D. Taylor.

— Mr. J. S. Cooper and Mr. Charlie Messick, of Winston, arrived in the city yesterday for a stay of several days on Ocean View Beach.

— Mr. John E. Farrior, of Cavenaugh, Duplin county, was in the city yesterday. He brings encouraging reports about the condition of crops.

— Misses Nannie and Katie Glen McLaurin, daughters of Capt. L. A. McLaurin, of Elmore, N. C., are visiting Miss Lilly McLaurin, on Chesnut street.

Rev. W. H. Reddish, of Wilson, who is to preach this morning and to-night at the First Baptist Church, arrived yesterday afternoon via the Atlantic Coast Line.

— Mr. E. H. Munson returned yesterday from New York where he went some time ago to attend the annual convention of the Music Teachers' Association of the United States.

— Rev. Dr. Charles E. Taylor, President of Wake Forest College, spent a few hours in the city yesterday with his son, Mr. C. E. Taylor, Jr., of the Atlantic National Bank.

THE CROATAN INDIANS.

A Great Gathering in Robeson County. Speeches by John D. Bellamy, Esq., Dr. Norment and Others.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

MAXTON, N. C., July 9.—There was a great gathering of the Croatan Indians of Robeson county at Union Chapel to-day; including women and children there were five to six hundred on the grounds George B. McLeod, of Lumberton, opened the exercise in a short but singularly appropriate address. He was followed by several leading and educated Croatans, all of whom spoke well. John D. Bellamy, Democratic, and Doctor R. M. Norment, Republican, candidates for Congress, were present and made speeches, but the meeting being an educational one politics were almost entirely ignored. Bellamy's speech was conceived in rare good taste and made a fine impression. It was on the historical and educational line and captivated his audience. The enjoyment of the day culminated in a substantial dinner. Mr. Hamilton McMillan of this county, formerly a noted teacher of Wilmington, delivered one of the best addresses of the day.

W. H. B.

SMALL BOY'S BASE BALL.

Game Played Yesterday Afternoon Between Red Lights and Chesnut Street.

According to the report of the participants there was an exciting game of base ball in the vacant lot back of the Chemical engine and Hook and Ladder stations yesterday afternoon. The game was between the Chesnut street and Red Light teams and eight innings were played, the score standing 14 to 14 when the game was called off. The umpires were Assistant Chief Will Monroe and Ed Wooten. The personnel of the two teams was as follows:

Chesnut Street—Emmett Crow, captain and pitch; Ed. Raleigh, catch; James Lodor, first base; Joe Frank, second base; Adolph Bourneman, third base and short stop; Willie Dunham, right field.

Red Lights—Louis Orrell, captain, Robt. McKoy, catch; Louis Orrell and George Voigt, pitch; Norwood Orrell first base and short stop; Earl Webb, second base; George Kidder, third base, and Henry Nash, right fie d.

Some objection has been made to games being played on the vacant lot and they have written to Captain McRae at Raleigh for permission.

SHELTER OF THE SILVER CROSS.

Another Company of Poor Children Go Down to the Beach.

Yesterday another company of twenty-three children went down to Ocean View beach for a sojourn in the Shelter of the Silver Cross. They were accompanied by Mesdames Thompson and T. E. Sprunt, who went down to see them safely housed and under the care of Miss Hall, the matron. A number of the children will only spend Sunday, and return to the city and to work Monday.

The noble work of the ladies of the Ministering Circle is proving a great boon to the poor of the city, and the STAR is glad to know that a substantial support is being accorded the institution by the people of the community.

Bound Over to Court.

There was only one case in the Mayor's court yesterday. That was against L. Bodie, colored. He was bound over to the Criminal Court in a bond of $50 to answer the charge of carrying concealed weapons—a pair of knucks and a razor. He was first arrested on the charge of selling watermelons the property of another man, and appropriating the money, but the charge was not proven. It was while searching the fellow before locking him up for the later charge that the weapons were discovered. He failed to give bond and is in the county jail.

Before Justice Bunting.

Justice R. H. Bunting yesterday disposed of five cases. Three were for disorderly conduct, one for assault, and another for carrying concealed weapon. Dolphus Thomas, colored, Mr. Hiram Moore, and George Washington, colored, each paid costs in cases for disorderly conduct. A case against Mr. Hiram Moore for carrying concealed weapon was dismissed. Judgment was suspended on the payment of costs in a case for assault and battery against W. T. Durham.

Big Crowd Over the C. C. Yesterday.

The Carolina Central train brought in about 160 people on its cheap Saturday rate yesterday.

Some of the Saturday tourists were Mr. R. R. Ray and son, Mr. E. R. Ray, of McAdenville; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Leslie and daughter, little Emma Ross, and Miss Mattie Harriss, of Charlotte.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circution of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice Bornemann disposed of two cases of disorderly conduct yesterday.

— The Baptist Boys' Brigade has elected Mr. W. P. Oldham, Jr., secretary, treasurer and inspector.

— Mr. I. Shrier has recently had completed a new brick store on Mulberry street and offers it for rent.

— During the past week there were five marriage licenses issued; two for white couples and three for colored couples.

— Mr. F. G. Punke, the prosperous merchant on the corner of Second and Market streets, is flying a handsome American flag.

— Don't forget that the steamer *Wilmington* will make a trip to Carolina Beach at 7.30 to-night, leaving on the return at 8.30 o'clock.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— Burglars tried to effect an entrance into Powell & Aman's store, corner of Sixth and Chesnut streets, last Friday night, but were frightened away before they succeeded.

— The Russian schooner *Riga*, from Bahia, Brazil, arrived at quarantine yesterday. As Bahia is a yellow fever port, she will be detained for ten days before being allowed to pass up.

— John Phillips, colored, was arrested and lodged in jail last night on the charge of being drunk and disorderly and resisting officers. The arrest was made near the Front street market.

— Mrs. Hans A. Kure's boarding house on Carolina Beach is advertised in the STAR this morning. Almost everybody who goes to Carolina Beach can testify to the excellent meals which Mrs. Kure serves.

— A free cooking exhibition will be given at the store of Messrs. Owen F. Love & Co., from July 11th to July 16th, inclusive. All, especially the ladies, are invited to come and see what can be done on a vapor stove.

— The artesian well has reached a depth of nearly 600 feet. The sandy soil through which the pipe has been penetrating has given way to clayey soil and there is a possibility that a good flow of water will be found below the clay.

— Rev. P. C. Morton left for Duplin county last evening. He goes to supply for Rev. Mr. Matthis, who is conducting revival services at Immanuel Presbyterian Church. As announced yesterday in the STAR, the meetings will continue at Immanuel Church the next several days.

— Mary Eliza Green, colored, was yesterday tried before Justice J. M. Jenkins, on the charge of larceny. The case was dismissed. Afterwards the woman was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Bryant on the charge of insanity. Her case will be investigated Monday by Justices Bunting and Fowler, with Dr. McMillan as expert examiner.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Republican Convention of Sampson County Endorses C. P. Lockey.

C. P. Lockey, Esq., who is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, received a telegram yesterday from Clinton, where the Sampson County Republican Convention was held yesterday, stating that the convention had indorsed him for the nomination. The telegram also stated that the convention advocated fusion with the Populists.

Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, provisional chairman of the district, has issued a call for the district convention, to be held on July 19th, at Warsaw.

The counties in the district are New Hanover, Pender, Sampson, Duplin, Onslow, Jones, Greene, Lenoir and Carteret.

The Colored Troops.

Lieutenant Walker's recruits assembled at the City Hall yesterday morning preparatory to leaving for Fort Macon, but a telegram telling them to wait for further orders caused them to postpone their departure. It is not known now when they will get off.

Capt. James G. Blain's company of colored troops will hold a meeting next Thursday night.

Excursion Next Tuesday.

The Sunday School of the First Baptist Church will give its annual excursion to Carolina Beach next Tuesday. The *Wilmington* will carry down the school on the 9.15 and 3 o'clock boats. Refreshments will be served and an enjoyable day is expected. The Baptist Boys' Brigade will go on the excursion in full marching order.

From Wilmington to Washington.

Mr. R. E. Pipkin, who is the manager of the excursion from Wilmington to Washington City, on Tuesday, July 19th, was a visitor to the city yesterday. He said that he had never had so many inquiries about an excursion as about this. As a result of the reading notices in the papers many have become interested and written the manager for full information.

Excursion From Florence.

An excursion from Florence arrived here yesterday at 10:30 A. M., via the W. C. & A. Rail Road and went through to Wrightsville Beach. There were four coaches and about 200 passengers. The excursion train pulled out for home last night.

WILL CERTAINLY BE HERE.

Hon. Robt. T. Daniel, Great Incohenee, Telegraphs that He Will Visit Wilmington Red Men Wednesday.

Hon. Robt. T. Daniel, Great Incohenee of the United States for Improved Order of Red men, will be here on Wednesday of this week, and the occasion will be a red-letter-day for Wilmington's two tribes of Red Men

A telegram was received yesterday from Mr. Daniel saying that he could visit the Wilmington lodges on Wednesday and asking that he be notified at once if the date was acceptable. Of course the lodges gladly accepted the date and all possible arrangements for a pleasant and profitable visitation will be made. Eyota and Cherokee lodges have appointed committees to co-operate in the reception and entertainment of the distinguished visitor. The committees are as follows: Eyota Tribe—P. T. Dockery, G. G. Watts, Sol. Sternberger and J. R. Davis. Cherokee Tribe—H. H. Parker, John M. Branch, M. Marshbourn and W. H. Lane.

It has been decided to have a public meeting at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium on Wednesday evening at 8.30 o'clock. To this the public, both ladies and gentlemen, are cordially invited. Hon. Robt. T. Daniel is an orator of note and is a judge on the bench of the Supreme Court of Georgia. The principles of the great order of Red Men will be fluently and fully discussed and a literary feast is assured all who are so fortunate as to attend the meeting.

After the address the Great Incohenee will be entertained in the hunting grounds of Eyota and Cherokee Tribes. He will probably be in the city until Thursday afternoon.

FORT CASWELL.

Goverament Will Make It One of the Best Fortified Posts On the Coast.

Fort Caswell will be made almost impregnable by the time the government gets through with it. It already has four eight-inch guns and preparations are being made for the placing of two twelve-inch guns. With eight mortars and several rapid-fire guns, all of which will be in place in due time, Wilmington will have as good protection as any city on the coast.

New accessions to the force of soldiers are made very frequently, and there are now about 150 regular soldiers of the United States army at the fort.

The following heavy artillery recruits came in from Boston last evening on their way to Caswell: J. J. Sullivan, Jno. F. Fields, Martin Flaherty, James Moylan and Patrick Murphy.

DEATH OF MR. T. E. GARRETT.

One of Red Spring's Leading Business Men—Recently Married.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RED SPRINGS, July 9.—This community mourns the death of Mr. T. E. Garrett, one of its best young business men. Mr. Garrett died at his residence at 3.30 P. M. to-day. He leaves a young widow, to whom he had been married only sixteen days.

Watermelon Race.

A watermelon race in the banks channel yesterday afternoon between five swift canoes afforded amusement to many of the cottagers. The *Four Brothers* was the swiftest and was awarded the prize. The boats came out in the following order: *Four Brothers*, *Reckless*, *Royal*, *None Such*, *Mic Mac*, and *Susie*. The *Susie* capsized twice and the *Royal* and *None Such* once. Capt. Edgar Hinton acted as judge, with great satisfaction to all.

The race will be repeated next Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Hoge on His Way Home.

Dr. Peyton H. Hoge of this city was a passenger on the North German Lloyd steamer *Lahn*, which arrived in New York on Thursday, July 7th. He has gone first to visit his family, in Raleigh, but will be in Wilmington some time this week and will preach for his congregation—the First Presbyterian Church—on next Sunday, July 17th, after an absence of over five months spent in Europe and the Holy Land.

Recruits for Company K.

Private H. E. Frazier, of Company K, Second regiment, North Carolina volunteers, who was here last Sunday going out to Whiteville to enlist recruits, passed through the city yesterday going back to camp. He had four recruits with him, as follows: Geo. B. Clark, Norman A. Morrison, and Horace Nealy, of Chadbourn, and A. B. Hardee, of Whiteville.

Critical Illness of Miss Bessie Wiggins.

A telegram received here yesterday announced the critical illness of Miss Bessie Wiggins at Newport News. Miss Wiggins is very well known in Wilmington having been for quite a while a telegraph operator at the Western Union. Her friends hope that her illness is not as serious as was gathered from the tone of the telegram.

Don't forget Pipkin's excursion to Washington July, 19th. On that day you can go to the capital city and return two days later for only $6.00. Or you can go to Norfolk and Old Point and return for only $3.00. What you will see and learn on this trip will be worth many times what it will cost you. Messrs. W. L. Jacobs and Arthur Prempert will furnish all necessary particulars. †

REVENUE STAMP ACT.

Fight on Refusal of Telegraph Companies to Receive Unstamped Dispatches.

COMPLAINTS WILL BE MADE.

Department Rulings as to Other Questions Under the Law—New Telephone Exchange for Raleigh. Raleigh & Cape Fear R. R.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 9.

There is to be a desperate fight made here over the stamping of telegrams. The news comes from Statesville that Railroad Commissioner Caldwell presented a telegram to the operator of the Western Union Telegraph Company, telling him that if it was not sent he would hold the company responsible. The operator telegraphed to the company's headquarters, and acting on instructions stamped and sent the message. This morning a newspaper correspondent here, accompanied by several witnesses, filed a message at 11 o'clock, telling the manager that he would again file messages during the day without stamps, and that if they were not delivered promptly he would take the matter to the District Attorney and have the company prosecuted. Manager Edgerton telegraphed to headquarters for instructions. Newspaper correspondents have been required to stamp all messages and this has caused much dissatisfaction among them.

A correspondent has served notice that he will bring the matter before the Railroad Commission on July 12th and will test the Commission's jurisdiction. This failing, he says he will carry the matter to the Federal Court.

Lieutenant Holmes Conrad and wife left here to-day for Wrightsville Beach to spend Sunday. Lieutenant Conrad is one of the Second regiment's most popular officers and his wife, a niece of Judge A. C. Avery, is highly thought of by the entire regiment, for which she has done much good.

A report was circulated at the depot to the effect that Spanish prisoners were to be brought through on the S. A. L. delayed train. It caused much excitement, followed by amusement, etc.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The W. U. telegraph manager refused to accept messages unstamped. Complaint for refusal to accept will be filed with the Railroad Commission on Tuesday.

Collector Duncan to-day received decisions on the war revenue act. Travelling salesmen are not commercial broker. A two-cent stamp must be attached to every check, draft or money order drawn by any person upon any other person. It is, therefore, not confined to checks or banks, but extends to all orders for money. Savings banks may use a book headed, "We, the undersigned, acknowledge to have received from —— Savings Bank, the sum of money affixed to our names, respectively," and in such cases no stamps are required.

Raleigh is to have a third telephone exchange company, composed entirely of local business men.

The first coach for the Raleigh and Cape Fear road arrived to-day. The road will begin operations July 15th.

Two more prisoners escaped from the State penitentiary; Matthews, a Federal prisoner, in for eighteen months; Dunlot, from Asheville, in for five years. This makes four in two days. The men to-day crawled through a drainage pipe and skipped. It is possible that some investigation may be made.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. James, fifth Sunday after Trinity. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. The public cordially invited.

Services in St. John's Church to-day, 5th Sunday after Trinity, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 A. M. Sunday School at 5 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt, D. D., pastor. English services to-day at 11 A. M.; German services at 8 P. M. Sunday School at 4.30 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street above Bladen street, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock. No service at night. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. All seats free, and every person cordially invited.

Commander Morton Placed in Command.

A telegram received yesterday from Commander Geo. L. Morton, at Port Royal, by Mr. Jesse Wilder, announced that Commander Morton was placed in command of the ship yesterday at noon. This news will be gratifying to the numerous friends of Mr. Morton all over the State, who have felt all along that he was kept out of the place that rightfully belonged to him.

Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound.

Rev. Robert Strange will conduct Divine service and administer the Holy Communion at 11 o'clock Sunday, the 10th inst., in Lebanon Chapel, Wrightsville Sound. The public is cordially invited.

WAR ATLAS.

The Seaboard Air Line has gotten out and placed in the hands of all its ticket agents at principal points, a war atlas, showing the United States, European countries, Cape Verde and Philippine islands, Cuba and its largest cities in detail, and with the maps of world, North America, Europe and South America.

These atlases are full of information and will prove of great assistance in understanding the movements of fleets and armies as given in the newspapers. On account of the great expense of getting out this atlas, the Seaboard Air Line is compelled to fix a price of twenty-five cents each, which is merely nominal.

They can be obtained upon application to agents, representatives or to T. J. Anderson, general passenger agent, Portsmouth, Va. †

CONVENTION ECHOES.

Mecklenburg Delegates Loud in Their Expression of Appreciation.

[*Charlotte Observer.*]

The Mecklenburg delegates to the Congressional Convention at Wilmington returned Thursday night. They were loud in their expression of appreciation of the manner in which New Hanover treated them—the many courtesies shown, not the least of which was an outing to the coast. "We never have been treated so cleverly," said one of the delegates yesterday. "The people down there are the most hospitable and cordial I ever saw."

Mecklenburg went down to nominate Bellamy; did so, and came back happy.

COMPANY K OF SECOND REGIMENT.

Target Practice Engaged in Friday by Capt. Don MacRae's Company.

[*News and Observer, July 9th.*]

The biggest incident connected with the day's routine at Camp Russell yesterday was the prize target practice engaged in during the afternoon by Capt. Donald MacRae's Wilmington company. It was held under the new regulation at Calonette Target, and the marksmanship showed that it would be awfully dangerous for Spaniards to stand in front of the Wilmington boys. The distance was 200 yards, and many of the bullets of the boys penetrated the target. The prize was won by David T. Green, of Whiteville, a private in Capt. MacRae's company, who made 23 out of a possible 25. The second best shooting was done by Captain MacRae himself, who was only one point behind the winner, the Captain making 22 out of 25. The entire practice was very creditable and showed that the men of the company are good marksmen.

Hop At Seashore Hotel.

The Saturday night hops at the Seashore Hotel on Ocean View beach are becoming quite popular. The largest crowd of the season was in attendance last night. The event was thoroughly enjoyable. All present speak in the highest terms of manager Crawford and his delightful way of ministering to the enjoyment of his guests.

At Bunting's Drug Store.

Bunting's drug store had quite an attraction yesterday in the shape of an automaton which represented the merits of a malt extract which Mr. Bunting handles. The automaton is a good representation of a strong man, raising from his shoulder up and back a 100-pound dumb bell.

— Miss Fannie Brodie, of Wilson, who has been in the city the past several days the guest of Miss Beth Daggett, left for her home yesterday, much to the regret of many friends.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXCURSION TO CAROLINA BEACH

By the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, **Tuesday, July 12.** Boat will leave her wharf at 9.15 and 3 o'clock. Fare 35 and 25 cents. Refreshments will be served. jy 10 2t

Remember

The Great Excursion to Washington and Baltimore will leave the city on Tuesday, July 19th, at 8.30 A. M., via Norfolk and Old Point Comfort. Fare to Norfolk and return, $3.00; Washington and return, $6.00; Baltimore and return $6.00. The opportunity of a life time; don't miss it. For information and Tickets don't fail to call on the undersigned who will take great pleasure in looking out for the comfort of his friends and patrons. A. PREMPERT,
jy 10 tf 11 South Front street.

Kure House, Carolina Beach.

PLENTY OF ROOMS; FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED.

Good Board and Every Comfort.

Her guests board by the day, week or month.

For rates, apply to

Mrs. Hans A. Kure.

jy 10 1m

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 8.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—Leave Wilmington, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.
je 5 tf

HOOP IRON.

200 Bundles 1½ Iron.
150 Bundles 1-inch Iron.
125 Bundles 1¼ Iron.
50 Bundles 1¾ Iron.
25 Barrels Glue.
150 Spirit Casks.
900 Bushels Corn.
750 Bushels Oats.
850 Bushels Meal.
250 Bales Hay.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 10 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Exhibition Will Be Given At MESSRS. OWEN F. LOVE & CO.'S

July 11 to July 16, inclusive.
During the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

COME AND SEE WHAT CAN BE DONE ON A

Vapor Stove.

If you do your own housework, or have an interest in your servants, and want to have a cool house in the Summer and reduce your expenses, attend this exhibition.

You will be Entertained, Instructed and Surprised. Everybody invited, Especially the Ladies.

jy 10 3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL SALE

this week in

Black Goods and Summer Fabrics.

WE ARE SHOWING A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Carpets, Mattings, Oil-Cloth, Portieres, Screens, Mosquito Nets, Trunks, Bags, and Window Shades.

Bathing Suits and Caps for Ladies and Gents.

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear in all grades.

Just received, the largest assortment of PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS from

$1.00 to $3.00.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

jy 10 tf

Save Money on Hardware, House Furnishing

by buying from J. W. Murchison. SEASONABLE goods, such as Ice Cream Freezers and Water Coolers, at prices that will make you open your eyes. COOKING APPLIANCES that for cheapness, convenience and lasting qualities you have never seen equalled; these, too, sold to gain your friendship, not for making money. THERE IS NOTHING in our line that we are not offering almost at sacrifice figures.

Celebrate the Fourth

by resolving to go to Murchison's ALWAYS for all goods in his line.

J. W. MURCHISON,

jy 8 tf ORTON BUILDING.

We Want Your Trade.

WE WILL WORK FOR IT. WE DEAL IN GENERAL PROVISIONS. WE ARE AGENTS FOR.

Plankinton Hams, Squire's Pig Bellies,

NOT EQUALLED ANYWHERE. GUARANTEED TRADE MAKERS. WE HAVE SOME OF THOSE

5c Sellers,

Topical Twist-head.
Cuban Blossom,
Renown,

Also 10c Sellers,

Perfectos,
El Captain General.

After July 1st, You Pay the Extra Tax, Until then we Sell at Old Prices. Do About Or Get Left.

Vollers & Hashagen,

GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS,

je 30 tf Nutt Street. A. C. L. Crossing.

AT THE **Unlucky Corner.**

Westphalia Hams.
North Carolina Roe Herring.
Extra Nice Chip Beef.
Carter's Grated Pineapple.
Olives, Pickles, Chow-chow.
Fresh, Red-Combed Spring Chickens.

Agent for JACKSON SPRING WATER.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 7 tf

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid. GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 28 tf

WILLIAM AND MARY COLLEGE, Williamsburg, Va.

Board from $12 to $18 per month. Tuition fee for the half session, $17.50. Medical fee, $3. Contingent fee, $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the Medical and the Contingent fees and are charged $10 a month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full Collegiate course. Next session begins Thursday, October 6, 1898.

Send for Catalogue.

Lyon G. Tyler, M. A., LL.D., su we President.
jy 10 2m

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

CALLING THEM TO TAW.

One wing of the Populist party, which, we believe, represents the Middle-of-the-Road patriots, has called a national convention to meet at Cincinnati on the 5th of September, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President. In commenting editorially on this call, the *Progressive Farmer* characterizes it as "a suicidal policy" and reads the boys a lecture thus:

We are surprised and mortified. Surely no enemy of the People's Party could strike it a harder blow than those pretended friends of Populism have aimed at it. It is sickening to see the manner in which the affairs of the National People's Party are managed. One wing of the so-called managers seems determined to do all in its power to help the Democratic party, whether or not these Democrats show a disposition to be fair, while the members of the other wing, who know or should know, that "divided we fall," makes the hearts of monopolists glad by calling a convention at an unheard of time to nominate unpopular candidates for President and Vice-President. This means nothing but division.

"It occurs to us that were some leaders of the National People's Party paid by the leaders of the two old parties to kill the party which is under their control they could not do more than they are doing. In essentials, there is no unity, in non essentials, but little charity.

The Populist Party claims to be the party of the people. Yet some of the leaders seem to have an idea that the people have no right to rule it. This is to serve notice on them that a day of reckoning is coming. At their National Convention in '96 the people nominated for Vice President, but endorsed the Democratic Presidential nominee, with, as we understand it, the distinct understanding that the Democratic nominee for Vice President was to withdraw. Yet it seems that certain men in charge of the People's party failed to have this done. These "leaders" will find out that the Populist party is a party of the people, and not of leaders.

"And now comes the call for a National Nominating Convention next September, two years before election. This is by another band of so called leaders. If they have the best interests of their party at heart they will withdraw the call. The great common people don't propose to put a candidate in the field to be shot at by the old parties two long years before they have a chance to shoot any old party candidate. Now that the party is somewhat divided they do not propose to take this step which will only render these divisions permanent. It is plain that the people will be but poorly represented in any National Nominating Convention held this year. Why? Because (1) it is unwise to hold it at this time; because (2) they wish to give the party time to unite; and (3) because they propose to manage things themselves. The so-called leaders may be at the Cincinnati convention but if the candidates are not nominated by the people, the people will not support them.

The plain voters should quietly sit down on the radical leaders of both wings of the Populist party, and doubtless will in 1900. We don't them."

While we do not subscribe to all of this there is a big chunk of truth in it, as far as the tart lecture to the leaders of the factions goes, for there is not in this country to-day, and probably never was, a party which had so many envious, small-calibred, crack-brained leaders, who while presuming to lead have hardly practical sense enough to raise an umbrella to protect them from a shower of rain. Instead of raising the umbrella they would declaim and resolve against the rain and try to stop it. The trouble is that there are too many small men in these factions who aspire to leadership without the ability to lead anything where thought and the capacity to see beyond their noses are necessary, and consequently they go to wrangling among themselves and splitting up into factions when if they were united they would have all they could do to hold their own. As a result they have lost about all the footing the party had even in States where it was the strongest, and are now reduced to the necessity of dickering with other parties to secure a part of the spoils of office, which seem to be the last remaining incentive with these so-called leaders.

There is not a State in the Union in which this party had any strength where it is not split into factions, which are fighting each other harder than they fight either of the "old parties," as they call them, although they declare that these old parties are standing monuments of political depravity; but still whenever they get an opportunity to fuse with either of these "monstrosities" they fuse, with the scent of the spoils of office as the impelling motive.

We have had a striking illustration of that in this State where these patriots two years ago, failing to secure the terms they demanded of the Democrats, fused with the Republicans and got their pay in the offices they hungered for. The party with which they fused had few or no principles that they endorsed, but still they fused and have since co-operated with these Republicans in fasting upon North Carolina some of the most odious legislation ever enacted in the State. That campaign presented the queer spectacle of men supporting Republicans for State offices and for Congress, some of them running on the same ticket with these Republicans, supporting the Democratic nominee for the Presidency.

Now after having run with the Republicans in a cheek-by-jowl fellowship for two years and having reaped all the profit in sight by that deal, one of these factions made its plans and overtures to the other "old party," and having failed to meet with a favorable response, is now doubtless prepared to enter into another dicker with the Republican party, if the Republican party prove to be in a dickering mood.

And these are the fellows who prate about and profess to be actuated and governed by *principle* and to think only of the dear, suffering people. These are the patriots with the powerful scent for spoils, who in the pursuit of spoils have no "unity" and "but little charity." Otho Wilson would break bread and sop out of the same dish with the devil before he would with Marion Butler, and Marion Butler would have a much higher regard for the Atlantic ocean if Harry Skinner made a hole in it and never came out. These are the Populist *leaders* in this State and they are a pretty fair sample of the leaders in other States where that party has a tangible existence.

We are, therefore, not surprised at the lecture by the *Progressive Farmer*, nor is it strange that so many Populists who had been under the impression that that party was "a party of the people," as they were told it was, should have become disgusted with the antics of these so-called leaders and are leaving it and them by the thousand. It is a wrecked party now, and the finishing touches will be put on it in the next election.

MINOR MENTION.

The Raleigh *Caucasian*, Senator Butler's Raleigh organ (he has another *Caucasian* organ at Clinton) learns that Hon. Harry Skinner is putting up a little job on his own account with the Republicans of his district, and proceeds to skin him thus:

"The *Caucasian* has received information that Skinner and the Republicans have fixed up a deal in the first district. A Republican is to run for Solicitor, and a Republican for Judge, to be supported by Skinner in return for the Republican support for him for Congress. It seems that no one has been consulted in this deal bnt Skinner. We suppose he has agreed to deliver the Populist votes."

"A ticket with Skinner for Congress and a Republican for Judge and a Republican for Solicitor would be practically a straight Republican ticket. Of course the few Populists that Skinner has gotten to take federal patronage in the first district will support this deal. But on the other hand, it is equally certain that the honest masses of the Populist party in the district will smash the life out of it."

Chairman Butler doesn't propose to have any deals made without first consulting him, and letting him fix up the deal, but Harry Skinner, doesn't care a continental for Chairman Marion, snaps his fingers at him and proceeds to do his own dealing. He is looking out for Harry as Marion is looking out for Marion.

* *

It should not take long to decide what to do with Admiral Cervera. He should be promptly paroled, and permitted to go anywhere he pleases within the borders of this country, only binding him on his honor to hold no communication directly or indirectly with his Government unless this Government be previously advised of the contents of such communication. Cervera's conduct and chivalrous treatment of Hobson and his men shows him to be in temperament more of an American than a Spaniard, and makes him one of the few redeeming features on the Spanish side of the picture. It was his good fortune, perhaps, that in his young manhood he spent much time in this country, learned something about it and its people, and escaped the dense ignorance and the prejudice born of ignorance, that afflict the large majority of his countrymen, and it is his good fortune, too, to have fallen into the hands of a people who appreciate manhood, gallantry and true chivalry, and will treat him with much more consideration and kindness than his own people would if he were to return to them defeated. Such a man as Cervera, looming so conspicuously above the common herd of his countrymen, should be treated rather as a guest than as a captive. Parole him.

* *

It is to be regretted that Congress could not have adjourned without some of the members playing the fool, as those members in the House did when the "lie" was hurled and the hurler was invited to "come outside." Of course under such circumstance they never go outside, for there are always enough around to pull on their coat-tails and prevent them from going out. In the meantime they cool down, explanations are made, when it is discovered that the belligerents were laboring under a mistake, and the regulation withdrawals of offensive language, and apologies are in order and come right along. People who are in Washington much and are frequenters of the galleries become accustomed to these exhibitions and do not mind them, but they are rather surprising to the casual visitor who had been in the habit of regarding Congress as a dignified body of sensible men. The concluding scenes when the whole crowd resolved itself into an extemporized glee club, was a decided improvement on the preceding rumpus and is an illustration of how rapidly our great national lawmakers can transport themselves from one extreme to the other, but the concluding scene has the redeeming feature of having been inspired by patriotic ardor, although none of the singers and hand shakers went so far as to rush to John Allen's recruiting station for the "Congressional Rough Riders," or show a hankering to join Joe Wheeler.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Atlantic Monthly for July presents a fine list of contents, good reading for the man of thought or student who reads to be informed as well as entertained. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

The free thinker will find *The Free Thought Magazine* for July an interesting number. Even the dissenter from its views will find it interesting as showing how others think. Address Free Thought Magazine, No. 213 E. Indiana street, Chicago, Ill.

The literary reader and the student will enjoy the July number of *The Bookman*, which presents a fine list of papers on literary subjects and on men who are prominent in the literary field. Published by Dodd, Mead & Co., Fifth Avenue and 21st street, New York.

The July number of *McClure's Magazine* is a capital number, filled with interesting and instructive articles, several of them being upon the present war, and all appropriately and handsomely illustrated. Published by the S. S. McClure Company, 141—155 E. Twenty-fifth street, New York city.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Do you take this man for better or for worse?" asked the minister. "I can't tell till I've had him for a while," returned the bride.

— "Ma, the minister is coming?" "What makes you think so? Did you see him?" "No; but I saw pa take the parrot and lock it up in the stable."

— Edith—"It requires lots of courage for Laura to go away as an army nurse." May—"Oh, I don't know. There are few men to be found anywhere else."

— Miss Palisade—"I'm surprised you don't like him. Why, if he had money he would make an ideal husband." Miss Summit—"That's nothing! So would any man."

— "If you had four apples, Jimmy, and your mother gave you four more, how many would you have?" "She wouldn't give me four more; she'd take three away."

— Jane—"What an erratic kind of a fellow that Mr. Softley is. He's a regular scatterbrain. Isn't he?" Kittie—"You can't prove it by me. He never scattered any of his brains anywhere in my neighborhood."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "You are charging me most horrible prices," complained the prospective Klondiker. "It is just this way," said the Seattle merchant, "you'll either strike it rich or freeze to death; so either way you won't miss the money you are leaving behind."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— "Yes, observed the preacher, "we have just terminated the greatest revival our church has experienced for many years." "I rejoice to hear it," said his friend; "how many did you add to the fold?" "Oh, we didn't add any," replied the good man, "but got rid of three."

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. C.: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, and took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded. †

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says My W. B. Cooper, of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHAT THE DRUMS SAY.

BRET HARTE.

Hark, I hear the tramp of thousands,
And of armed men the hum;
Lo! a nation's hosts have gathered
Round the quick alarming drum—
Saying, "Come,
Freeman, come!
Ere your heritage be wasted," said the
quick alarming drum.

"Let me of my heart take counsel;
War is not of life the sum;
Who shall stay and reap the harvest
When the autumn days shall come?"
But the drum
Echoed "Come!
Death shall reap the braver harvest"
said the solemn-sounding drum.

"But when won the coming battle.
What of profit springs therefrom?
What if conquest, subjugation,
Even greater ills become?"
But the drum
Answered "Come!
You must do the sum and prove it,"
said the Yankee answering drum.

"What if, 'mid the cannon's thunder,
Whistling shot and bursting bomb,
When my brothers fall around me,
Should my heart grow cold and numb?"
But the drum
Answered "Come!
Better there in death united than in
life a recreant—come!"

Thus they answered—hoping, fearing,
Some in faith, and doubting some,
Till a trumpet-voice proclaiming,
Said, "My chosen people, come!"
Then the drum
Lo! was dumb;
For the great heart of the nation,
throbbing, answerd, "Lord, we
come!"

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Anger begins in folly and ends in repentance.

— Each day is a little life; our life is but a day repeated.

— There is nothing in this world harder to do than to say no to self.

— Depend upon yourself if you wish to derive the truest satisfaction from life.

— "A friend that you buy with presents will be bought from you."—*English Proverb.*

— He who does not require himself to see things just as they are consents to be untruthful.

— No flower can bloom in paradise which is not transplanted from Gethsemane—*Dean Stanley.*

— Judging by the way most people talk of their ills, you would suppose that they had no joys to speak about.

— The man who says he would like to get rid of his bad heart, but is not willing to get rid of his bad business probably only means that he is willing to have a better reputation, if it will not require him to have a better character.—*Lafferty.*

— How sweet a thing is love of home! It is not acquired; it is a feeling that has its origin elsewhere; it is born with us, brought from another world, to carry us on with joy in this; it attaches to the humblest heart that ever thrived.—*Baker.*

— In a word, we can abundantly afford to stint ourselves for the sake of Christ and a perishing world, but we cannot afford to loosen our grip upon the heritage of our sainted fathers, in fields white to the harvest, or to suffer their consecrated missionary spirit to die out in our hearts.—*Examiner.*

— "Except a man be born again he cannot see the kingdom of God" is the preaching and teaching that the people need. Heroism and morality and philanthropy will never save a man. "Ye must be born again" is the words of Jesus to every man to-day. The pulpit should ring it out so clear that its beautiful music may ring in the ears and hearts of the people to soothe and save.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Murfreesboro *Index:* The prospects for a great tobacco crop are most excellent. If everything is favorable tobacco curing will be in full blast by week after next. The prospects for high prices are equally as good and we may look out for "bonanza" farmers next Fall.

— Carthage *Blade*: Constable David Knight, of Aberdeen, arrested Archie McIver (colored) at Sanford Sunday for the murder of Contractor Howie on the Moore county railroad. The murder was committed near Cragrownie, just over the line in Montgomery county.

— Wilson *Times:* Wilson now has a new postmaster. Sam Vick, a colored man and a leading Republican of this city, now has charge of the mails here. Mr. Wm. Harris, the former postmaster, was relieved by Vick last Friday. Vick was postmaster here during the Harrison administration.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligence*: The anti-Butler Populist seems to have things all their own way in Anson since Maynard, Lige Flake and Lewis Jones have agreed to pull together. It is an open question whether the combination has been improved by its latest accession. ——The barns and stables of Mr. D. A. Patterson, of Richmond county, were destroyed by an incendiary fire Saturday night. Mr. Patterson was one of the Populist State Senators from this district in the last Legislature.

— Windsor *Ledger:* Mr. Romulus Bazemore is now lodged in our county jail. He was brought here direct from Raleigh, where he had enlisted in the army. The sheriff will remove him to another county, where he may be held in safety. It now turns out that the chemist at Baltimore has never made an official report of his investigation of the stomach of Mrs. Bazemore, and that all the rumors heretofore given out were based more on supposition than facts. On hearing that the chemist had vindicated him Mr. Bazeman became, we hear, rather careless in his ramblings and joined the company at Raleigh in which all our Bertie boys had enlisted. He was arrested by the chief of police of that place, and notwithstanding being recognized by Messrs. Harrell, Parker, Deans and others from this county he positively denied their identification. But he was secured and on leaving confessed that he was actually Romulus Bazemore of Bertie county. We also hear he first enlisted in another company under a fictitious name. All this seems very strong circumstantial evidence—together with what the chemist now says—that Mrs. Bazemore was given strychnine with calomel.

Persons troubled with diarrhœa will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Dorrance, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhœa, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a travelling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against the attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

DOTTED GRENADINE GOWN FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

SOME of the most expensive, as well as certain more simple, imported costumes are made up with hip yokes, either of embroidery, insertion, or the material of the dress.

A dainty grenadine gown of rose pink wrought with black silk dots, over a drop skirt so faintly green as to be almost white, is made with a hip yoke of undulated form, to which is shirred a wide flounce that continues straight and full up the back, framed by the ruffled edges of the yoke at the top. An apron front is outlined by three graduated ruffles of coral satin ribbon that follows the curves of the yoke, while the yoke itself is bordered with three similar narrower frills. Another cluster of frillings edges the flounce at the foot.

The waist, whose long shirred sleeves of cream silk muslin are trimmed with tiny ruffles in the outer seam and at the wrist, has a collarette rolling from a muslin guimpe, which is bordered with a deep lace headed by three narrow ruffles, while a still narrower group is around the lower edge of the collar. A touch of character is given by bands of black velvet ribbon which cross the front diagonally, passing loosely over the folds of the blouse, and are finished by fluffy rosettes of velvet graded in size, the lower one apparently attaching the narrow belt. Each bow has a tiny coral ornament as its centre. The proper cut of this gown can be obtained only from the cut paper pattern published by HARPER'S BAZAR, where the gown appears.

The hat in the favorite turban style, is draped with a puffy scarf of striped gauze in cream and shaded coral, which holds two jetted quills at one side.

Quantity of material for gown—Grenadine, 46 inches wide, 5 yards; silk muslin, 1½ yards; velvet ribbon, 2¾ yards; satin ribbon for skirt ruffles, three widths, 15 yards each. Ribbon for yoke and collarette, 16 yards; ribbon for collar and sleeves, 7 yards; lace for collarette, 2 yards.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Capt. Philip's suggestion to his men that they should not cheer over the Spaniards who were blown up on the Oquendo was another example of American magnanimity.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The "rebel yell" has been heard again. This time it arose from under the red, white and blue banners of Shafter's battle line in front of Santiago last Friday, and no cry in all Cuba that day had so true an American sound. Great is the "rebel yell;" and may it ocho down the ages!—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The Ladrones are rather overshadowed by the other triumphs of the day, but in its way the chief island is a jewel of a coaling station. It gives another pier to our bridge over the Pacific. It is placed to hold watch and ward over the routes from Japan and North China to Australia, and it works in perfectly with the Hawaiian islands and our station at Samoa. Nobody has been able to see why Spain kept it. It is plain now.—*Philadelphia Press, Ind.*

—— The military people in Washington who as reported, are severely condemning Gen. Shafter for his incapacity because he has not captured Santiago in less than a week after investing it, should remember that it took Grant a considerably longer time to capture either Vicksburg or Petersburg, and that Sherman never captured Atlanta, though he invested it for over two months with a force double that of its defenders. Give Shafter a fair show. He has done remarkably well, so far.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

Late at the Play.

We know from Pepys and from passages in the plays of contemporary dramatists that the manners of theater audiences in the restoration epoch were not nice, but there is no reason to believe that even the fops habitually arrived at the theater late. Mr. Sparkish, Mr. Novel and their fellows would talk loudly while the play was going on to show the superiority of their wit to the poet's, but they likely were on hand early to lose none of the fun. In later epochs of English theatrical history theater going was a serious undertaking, not a mere pastime. One can tell from the beginnings of old plays that the authors counted on audiences closely attentive from the first. Lady Randolph is the first speaker in "Douglas," Orestes in "The Distressed Mother," Almeira in "The Mourning Bride." The custom of "playing the audience in" with a short piece was of still later origin. Perhaps about that time the habit of going late to the theater became common. "Half price" for late comers was a custom of Thackeray's time, so perhaps the ordinary New York playgoer of this era, who nearly ruins the enjoyment of a few by going late to the theater, talking as loudly as he pleases as he enters and selfishly fussing over his wraps before he settles in his seat, has some sort of historical precedent for his behavior. It has nothing else to recommend it.—New York Times.

A Queer Snow Fact.

It is an inexplicable fact that men buried in an avalanche of snow hear distinctly every word uttered by those who are seeking for them, while their most strenuous shouts fail to penetrate even a few feet of the snow.

A Secret.

She—Julie and Joe are engaged, but they have decided to keep their engagement a secret. Julie told me so.

He—Yes, I know it. Joe told me. —Yonkers Statesman.

"Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief, until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Ia." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6½
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each	65	@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	20
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80	@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	20
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	13
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 50	@	4 75
First Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	50	@	53½
Car load, in bags—White	50	@	30½
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	30
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7¾
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	32
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	70
Lisbon		@	
American		@	70
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	85
SHINGLES, 5-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 40	@	3 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grand	5⅝	@	6⅛
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4⅞
C, Yellow		@	4⅝
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
Sap	5 00	@	6 00
6x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
5x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1 20
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 24 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 23½ cents bid for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at 95c per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 23½c, 23c; rosin firm, $1.25, $1.30; tar firm, $1.15; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	184
Rosin	470
Tar	168
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year.—215 casks spirits turpentine, 819 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 5-16 cts.	℔	lb
Good Ordinary	4⅝	"	"
Low Middling	5 5-16	"	"
Middling	5¾	"	"
Good Middling	6	"	"

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN.—Firm; 50@52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Money on call was nominal at 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¼@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills 485¾@486 for demand; 484¼@484¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 486¼@487. Commercial bills 483¾. Silver certificates 58¾@59½. Bar silver 58¾. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds strong.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Rosin firm; strained, common to good, $1 42½@1 45. Spirits turpentine firm at 26½@27c.

CHARLESTON, July 9.—Spirits turpentine steady at 23c; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, July 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¼c; sales 531 casks; receipts 1,708 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,344 barrels; receipts 3,991 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The cotton market opened steady with prices 2 points higher to 1 point lower. In the absence of important developments in the English markets over night or material change in the political outlook, the local trade was purposeless throughout the short session and took hold in an indifferent way. General rains were over the central part of the cotton belt, but aside from this, conditions in the South lacked notable change. It was a half holiday market, pure and simple. Speculation failed to pick up late in the morning. The close was steady at a net gain of 2 points. Total sales futures were 25,000 bales.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 6 3-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady; sales 25,000 bales at quotations: July 6.02c, August 6.03c, September 6.00c, October 6.01c, November 6.00c, December 6.03c, January 6.06c, February 6.10c, March 6.06c.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 6 3-16c; middling gulf 6 7-16c; sales 828 bales.

Net receipts 127 bales; gross receipts 1,845 bales; forwarded 647 bales; sales 828 bales; sales to spinners 28 bales; stock (actual) 102,762 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,037 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,307 bales; exports to the Continent 10,524 bales; stock 281,446 bales.

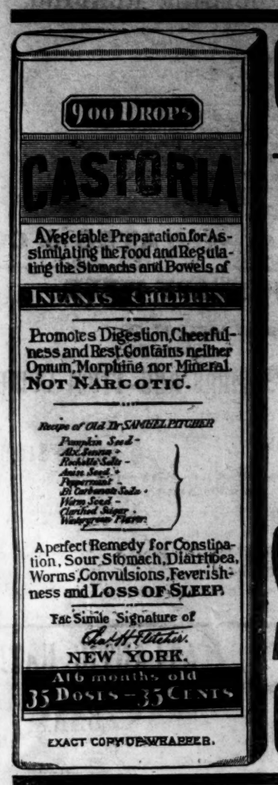
Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,474,297 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,440,952 bales; exports to France 812,245 bales; exports to the Continent 2,940,025 bales.

July 9.—Galveston, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 28 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 6¼c, net receipts 61 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6¼c, net receipts — bales; Boston, easy at 6 3-16, net receipts 31 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5¾c, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 7-16c, net receipts 35 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5¾c; net receipts 44 bales; New Orleans, steady at 5¾c, net receipts 713 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5¾c, net receipts 18 bales; Memphis, dull at 5¾c, net receipts 26 bales; Augusta, steady at 6 3-16c, net receipts 15 bales; Charleston, quiet at —c, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Flour was quiet but steadily held; winter patents $4 60@4 75. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 91c; options opened easier and were sold down on the Michigan State report and favorable spring wheat news, but finally rallied on a scare of shorts and closed unchanged to ¼c lower; No. 2 red July closed 84¼c; September closed 73¾c; December closed 73½. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 37¼c; options opened easy from the effect of disappointing cables and fair weather news, but later rallied with wheat, closing unchanged; July closed 36½c; September closed 37¼c; December closed 38¼c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 27½c; options dull and featureless, closing unchanged. July closed 27c. Lard steady; Western steam $5 70; July $5 65, nominal; refined quiet. Pork firm; Mess $10 00@10 50; short clear $11 50@13 50; family $11 50@13 00. Butter firm; Western creamery 13¼@17c; do. factory 11@12¾c; Elgins 17c; imitation creamery 12@14½c; State dairy 12½@16c; do. creamery 13½@16¾c. Cheese dull; large white 6¾@7c. Cotton seed oil dull and nominally weak without important change; prime crude 18@



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Splendid Crystals In California.

Some time ago John E. Burton of Lake Geneva, Wis., leased the right to prospect for crystals in the old Green Mountain mine, near Mokelumne hill, in Calaveras county, Cal. He found a number of fine specimens, and one of them is claimed to be the largest group or mass of crystals ever found. As taken out from the drift where it was uncovered it was 11 feet 7 inches in circumference. It was 4 feet 2 inches long, 3 feet 6 inches wide and 3 feet 2 inches high. It weighed 2,200 pounds. The mass included one large central crystal and a surrounding group of smaller ones. From the central one it was estimated that a perfect sphere 14 inches in diameter could be cut, while several others from three to eight inches in diameter could be obtained from the mass. Mr. Burton has found in all about 12 tons of crystals.—Engineering and Mining Journal.

She Didn't Say Nay.

"Yes," said the summer girl to be as she held up two shortened skirts, one of duck, "all our gowns for exercise are short, ending at what would be our shoe tops if we wore high boots, but we shall wear low shoes. I don't know," she said shyly, "whether we think we have nice ankles or if we wish to show our stockings, which are gayer this season than ever." "Both," I ventured, and she didn't say nay.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Honesty.

Watts—This is the most honest town, I think, of the continent. The conductor missed me this morning, and everybody in the car looked as if they were angry because I did not pay.

Potts—They were not angry because you hadn't paid, but because they had.—Indianapolis Journal.

Special Meeting

OF THE

Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF HE ECRETARY OF THE WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, duly called and held at Room No 16, Chamber of Commerce building, in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was

Resolved, That a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board, to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Florence, South Carolina, on Friday, the 15th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the question of securing the surrender of the lease of the railroad and property of this Company now held by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, and for the further purpose of considering and acting upon the question of the consolidation of this Company with the North Eastern and other railroad companies of South Carolina, under the act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, entitled, "An Act to incorporate the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina and to authorize the consolidation of certain railroads under that name," approved March 5, 1897, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. JAMES F. POST, Jr.,

je 22 21t Secretary.

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.

je 2 tf

Wanted,

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY,

je 28 tf RALEIGH, N. C.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists,

or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

HIS MOTHER'S HIS SWEETHEART.

"His mother's his sweetheart—the sweetest, the best!"
So say the white roses he brings to my breast—
The roses that bloom when life's summers depart.
But his love is the sweetest rose over my heart—
The love that hath crowned me,
A necklace around me,
That closer to God and to heaven hath bound me!

"His mother's his sweetheart!" Through all the sad years
His love is the rainbow that shines through my tears.
My light in God's darkness, when with my dim eyes
I see not the stars in the storm of his skies.
When I bow 'neath the rod
And no rose decks the sod,
His love lights the pathway that leads me to God!

"His mother's his sweetheart!" Shine bright for his feet,
Oh, lamps on life's highway, and roses lean sweet
To the lips of my darling, and God grant his sun
And his stars to my dutiful, beautiful one.
For his love it hath crowned me,
A necklace around me,
And closer to God and to heaven hath bound me!

—Frank L. Stanton in Ladies' Home Journal.

Fees of Lawyers.

Lawyers have a different way of reckoning the value of their services from almost any other class of professional men or tradesmen. Fees which reach the $50,000 mark have fallen to the lot of Pittsburg lawyers, and, according to a gentleman who claims to know, one once received a fee of $100,000.

This same person related several interesting incidents in connection with the receipt of large fees by Pittsburg attorneys. On one occasion a prominent iron manufacturer of the city engaged an attorney to go to New York and argue a case in which $250,000 was involved. The attorney spent one evening looking up the case, went to New York the next day, and on the next after that argued the case and won the suit. Returning to Pittsburg, he sent the iron manufacturer a bill for $12,000.

The latter gentleman became very indignant at what he considered an outrageous charge and made very strong representations to the attorney on the subject. The attorney said:

"All right, Mr. ——, that is my bill. If you won't pay it, let it go. I will not sue you either. I never have to sue my clients."

The iron manufacturer thought over the matter for a few days and then sent a check for the amount.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Cat Conversation.

The commonest sound of pleasurable emotion, the ordinary pur, has no purpose to serve. It is an outcome of pure satisfaction, and is thus slightly distinguished from a chirrup—the nearest approach a cat makes to response in utterance when it is affectionately addressed. The response by backward movement of the ears is more frequent. The chuckle of pleasurable excitement is used when the cat is quite unaware of the presence of people or other cats as much as when it is playing with a person or an animal companion. Again, a cat mews to itself when it is bored or hungry. But if it is making a direct appeal for food does so, unless it is painfully hungry, with a very small voice or a mouth silently opened. Except perhaps for the chirrup of response, the call appears to be the only real approach to language, and here it seems possible that the cat does really listen for a response, and call again.—Spectator.

Left Handed Chicago.

There is a great prevalence of left handedness in Chicago. This is particularly noticeable in the way the citizens of that metropolis enter a building. If a man approaches a building where the entrance consists of two swinging doors, he will invariably reach out with his left hand, pull open the left hand door and make a wild dash to get inside, running the risk of collision with anybody who remembers that to go to the right is the first law of navigation on land.—New York World.

Vaccination laws are not enforced in England. At Norwich, with a population of over 100,000, the vaccination officer's fees this year amounted to about $40. He receives 50 cents for each case. The cost to the city has been $4 per child for three years past.

A housekeeper should inspect her refrigerator every alternate day at least, require that it be wiped out daily with a cloth wet in soda and water and thoroughly scoured with scouring soap twice a week.

FREEDOM RESTORED.

A Young California Farmer's Kindness to an Eagle He Had Seen Before.

There was an interested crowd before a large glass front. Everybody that came along stopped either to make inquiries or elbowed in toward the window to see what the attraction was. Inside was a magnificent white headed eagle. There was a chain from its right foot to a huge piece of iron, some water in a pan, an untouched piece of fish, a few sods and a large card with the words "For Sale."

The big bird's wings drooped on either side to its feet. Its eyes were glazed and dim looking. It opened and shut them now and then, but never once turned them to the jostling, noisy crowd that stood just outside the glass. There were no marks of violence to be seen, but the dull, pathetic eyes, the drooping wings, the soiled white about the head and the ruffled feathers over the body showed that the captive had been in chains much longer than it had been in the window.

One of the crowd in the street was a sturdy young farmer who had come into town early that morning. He had pushed his way to the front and stood looking in silence for a long time at the great, helpless bird. He was sure he had seen it before. It had been captured, he learned from what some of the crowd said, in the country from which he had come. That settled it. It was the same bird.

He had seen it on the mountain where he sometimes had hunted for a stray sheep. He knew the big pine in the top of which it had its nest. He had noted it soar majestically and free about him as he worked in the valley and had seen it sit motionless for hours on the top of some tall, distant ranpike. Now and then he had had a suspicion that it had carried off an occasional lamb and had more than once tried to shoot the bird, but had never succeeded in getting near enough.

The young farmer elbowed his way along the window to the door of the store. Then he went in.

"What d'ye want for that bird?" he said. "I'd like to buy 'im."

"Two dollars," was the reply.

"Very well, I'll take 'im."

He paid over the money, and the bird was handed out to him.

The crowd at the window watched eagerly as the farmer came out with the big eagle under his arm and went straight across the street to where a ladder leaned against a billboard that was some 10 or 12 feet high. At the foot of the ladder he stopped and took the chain from the bird's leg. Then he went slowly up and placed his old friend—or enemy, he was not sure which, but no difference—on the top of the billboard and came down.

The great bird had been a prisoner so long that it seemed for a time to have forgotten how to be free. It sat for awhile as it had sat in the window, but gradually it came to itself. It lifted first one drooping wing and tucked it closely to its side, then the other. It raised itself slowly to its full height and stretched out its great head toward the sky. The dullness went out of the eyes and a fierce new light flashed in; then, nervously stretching out its huge pinions on either side and taking a step or two forward, it rose with a hoarse scream and swept out toward the sun.

A burst of applause from the crowd met the farmer as he recrossed the street.

"I had seen him on the mountain," he said, "an I couldn't bear to see him there." He pointed to the window, then in a moment he was gone.—The Whittier.

Can You Pronounce These Words?

The following paragraph contains exactly 100 words, and if you wish to have a little pleasurable excitement you will find it comparatively safe to offer almost any one $15 or $20—that is to say, 15 or 20 cents a word for each word in the paragraph if he will promise to pay you $1 for each of its words that he fails to pronounce correctly:

"Cleopatra, isolated in the oasis, soon became acclimated and had ample leisure to contemplate all the economic details of her inextricable sword. The wound resisted the allopathic misogynist, who gave a courteous diagnosis and humbly craved precedence for a tiny idyl in the form of a vase with an æsthetic, acoustic apparatus. This told the news like a book, but it might have been a dog living in squalor, from the look she launched at him when he wrote down his address. She ate her breakfast and then fraternized with a national expert in appendicitis, who attended the obsequies."—Criterion.

FOR PIC NIC HAMS,

D. S. Sides, Plates,

Bellies, Corn, Meal, Hay,

Oats, Plow Lines,

HOOP IRON SPIRIT CASKS, NAILS

and everything in groceries, go and see

R. R. STONE & CO.,

or write for prices. je 7 tf

When Prices Are High and Money Tight

is the very time you need to spend your money WHERE IT WILL BUY THE MOST GOODS. Our Cash Store is that place, and the reasons are so plain that "he who reads may run." We sell exclusively for CASH, and you pay nobody else's bills. We do not have to wait until we can collect accounts before reinvesting, and so can afford to sell on a closer margin than he who credits.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.

je 26 tf

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

University of North Carolina,

vs.

Silvia Jones et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned Commissioner will on Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., expose for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, the following described lot of land, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street 66 feet south of the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Brunswick streets, runs thence south with the western line of Sixth street 66 feet, thence west 165 feet, thence north 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning, being the east half of Lot 2, Block 265.

JAMES W. SNEEDEN,

je 5 4t sun Commissioner.

A Little Card Trick.

A Russian priest was so devoted to the amusement of card playing that he played up to the last moment before commencing the church services.

On one occasion, having a particularly good hand dealt him, he thrust the cards into his pocket, intending to return and finish the game after the service. Unluckily the cards fell out on the church floor to the extreme scandal of the congregation.

The witty priest, however, was fully equal to the occasion. At the conclusion of the service he beckoned up one of the choristers and asked him the names of several of the cards, which the boy knew correctly. He then suddenly asked the lad the name of the next saint's day, which the child could not tell.

"See!" cried the priest, turning to the congregation. "You teach your children the names of every card in the pack and leave them ignorant of their religion. Let this be the last time I am compelled to bring playing cards into the church to shame you," and picking up his hand he made an honorable retreat.—London Answers.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Only 50 cents per bottle.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BARBADOES MOLASSES

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.

15 jy 98 tf

A Fresh Supply of All Kinds of Duttenhofer's and Mundell's FINE SHOES

JUST RECEIVED.

Look in Our Show Window.

We invite the Ladies especially to try the Shoes.

We keep at the same old place, 63½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.

a 17 tf

Stings and Bites

of Mosquitoes, Sandflies

and other pestilential insects are not very pleasant sensations.

There Is No Better Remedy

for Stings, Bites, Bruises, Cuts, &c., than

WITCH HAZEL EXTRACTS.

Every one living on the Sound or Beach should keep a good supply of Witch Hazel all the time. We have just received a large quantity of the best quality of Witch Hazel Extract and are selling it at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

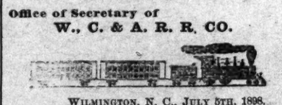
Why pay $1.75 for a quart of extract of Witch Hazel, called Pond's Extract, when you can get the same quantity for about one-fourth the cost? Very close price in one or five gallon lots.

Ammonia 25c per quart, equal to two quarts Household Ammonia.

J. Hicks Bunting,

je 23 tf Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

Office of Secretary of W., C. & A. R. R. CO.



WILMINGTON, N. C., JULY 5TH, 1898.

The Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta R. R. Co. have declared a dividend of three per cent., payable on the capital stock of that Company, to all holders of record of July 1st, 1898. Dividends due and payable on July 10th, 1898, at the office of the Treasurer at Wilmington, N. C.

The transfer books will stand closed from July 1st to the 10th, inclusive.

James F. Post, Jr.,

Secretary and Treasurer W., C. & A. R. R. Co.

jy 6 6t

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 269.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 22 tf

For Health and Pleasure

Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

my 12 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay,

MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

je 12 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR,

my 23 tf Wilmington N. C.

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder nas disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours. Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

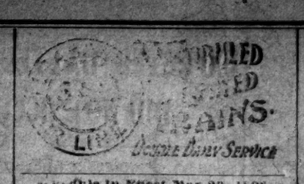
my 12 tf Providential, Moore Co., N. C.

Foreclosure Sale.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Matthew P. Taylor and wife to the North Carolina Home Building Association, recorded on the Records of New Hanover County in Book 22, page 282, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at the front door of the Court House of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., the following described property situate in the City of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, to-wit: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Second street and Red Cross St., runs thence westwardly with the northern line of Red Cross street 45 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Second street 105 feet to an Alley nine feet in width, thence along said Alley and eastwardly parallel with Red Cross street 45 feet to the western line of Second street, thence southwardly with said line of Second street 105 feet to the beginning. Together with a right of way in, over and to said Alley.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

je 28 20t



Schedule In Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton, 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:15 p. m., Laurinburg 6:29 p. m., Hamlet 6.55 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:14 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 42 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 38 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 47—Leaves Portsmouth 9 30 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 2:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 8:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:30 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:18 p. m., Atlanta 5:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 8:10 a. m., Monroe 8:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:35 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:38 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m. Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:30 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m. arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 6:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave tokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 53 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 49 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	1 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

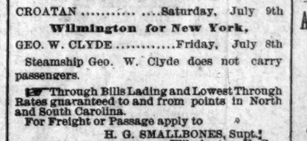
At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, July 9th

Wilmington for New York,

GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Friday, July 8th

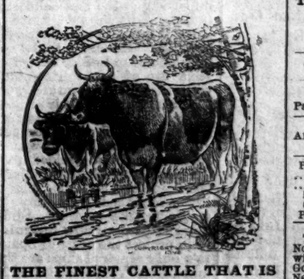
Steamship Geo. W. Clyde does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y jy 3 tf



THE FINEST CATTLE THAT IS RAISED

in rich pasture lands, watered by limpid brooks and in the primest condition, is what we pick our succulent and tender Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal from. We are expert judges of meat on the hoof, and cut and prepare a Roast, Filet, Steak, Chop or Cutlet for cooking like artists.

I. B. RHODES.

jy 1 tf

Thos. W. Greer, Administrator of W. R. Greer, deceased,

vs.

E. J. Greer et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled action, the undersigned Commissioner will on the 12th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lot of land, to-wit: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Queen and Fourth streets, runs thence southwardly with the western line of Fourth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Queen street 165 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street 66 feet to the southern line of Queen street, thence eastwardly with said southern line of Queen street 165 feet to the beginning. DAN. D. CAMERON,

June 13, 1898. Commissioner.

je 14 30d

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule In Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.35 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:27 p. m. Weldon 1:45 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28. p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m. Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m,. Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:00 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:30 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 3:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:50 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., *Norfolk 2:30 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:36 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:53 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.03 a. m., Nashville 8.32 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 5.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Fee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.34 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Fee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sun

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1898.

PRAISE FOR AMERICANS.

English Newspapers Comment on the Destruction of the Spanish Squadron at Santiago.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 9.—The weekly newspapers to-day, in discussing the war all pay glowing tribute to the American navy. Even the *Saturday Review* says: "It is impossible not to feel a certain pride in these achievments of men of our own race. Every Englishman will remember that it was expression of the same quality, the fine marksmanship which the Americans display, which gave us victory both on land and sea, from Creecy to the Crimea, and something peculiar and noble happened in this fight which showed in a far higher way the kinship between the two peoples: 'Don't cheer,' shouted Captain Philip, 'the poor devils are dying.' It seems to us that this expression of tender sympathetic humanity, is just as fine as the 'Kiss me, Hardy,' of the dying Nelson."

The *Spectator*, in a long article on the same subject, says: "The first thought of all Englishmen is that the Americans' fleet did its work splendidly. The whole performance of Admiral Sampson's fleet was in accordance with the best traditions of Anglo-Saxon navies, and every Englishman has read of their doings with a flush of pride. There was the same old hard pounding that the 'Elizabethan seadogs' used, the same curious mixture of steadiness, daring, coolness and reckless dash. The moral aspect of what was almost the first and of what may be the last fleet action between the Spanish and English races is very much alike. In both cases, it was the man behind the gun, who, at the last resort, won the battle.

"The battleship shows that the American navy is a most efficient fighting machine. We did not need to be told that here. We knew it already, and realized of what stuff the lion's whelps are made. They, however, did not know it on the continent, though they apparently know of it now. For ourselves, we have little doubt that the American fleet could face even that of France without any great risk of disaster, in spite of the fact that by the rules the French fleet is ten times stronger. We believe this could be done if it were needful; but it won't be, as America won't be attacked by France without our taking a hand in the game. Sampson, Dewey and the officers they have the happiness to command are able to destroy French ships of vastly superior power, just as we did a hundred years ago.

"As for the German and American navies, there can, of course, be no comparison. The Germans are fine sailors and brave men, but a naval struggle between the United States and Germany would be very short and very complete."

The *Speaker* says: "The greatest credit is due to the American navy for the manner in which this operation has been carried out. Like the exploit of Dewey, the sea fight at Santiago has proved that the British sailor has in the American a kinsman, a worthy ally and rival. So far as her fleet is concerned, American need not fear comparison with any country in the world."

SITUATION AT GUANTANAMO.

Many Deaths From Starvation Among the Inhabitants—The Town Could Easily be Taken If Desired.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

GUANTANAMO, July 8, via Kingston, Ja., July 9.—Advices received by Commander McCalla, of the Marblehead, from the city of Guantanamo, show that the deaths from starvation average fifteen daily.

General Perez, the commander of Guantanamo, has given up hope of succor and the town could readily be taken were it worth while to risk the lives of the American troops. The entrance from the upper to the lower bay is patrolled nightly by steam launches. The gunboats in the upper bay have not shown themselves for several days.

Post Captain Fernandez, of Baracoa, with three officers, was captured by Commander McCalla as they ran into this harbor for news. They did not use the American flag until too late. Thousands of Cubans—some estimates placing the number at 20,000—are being fed at the camp on the west side of the harbor with supplies furnished by the Red Cross Society.

The health of the marines at Guantanamo is good, but the same cannot be said of those at Baiquiri, where forty of the hundred men are on sick report, suffering from low fever.

On July 5th ninety Spaniards appeared on the hill west of Baiquiri and opened fire. The gunboat Manning replied vigorously, and her shells soon silenced and drove way the enemy. The seige guns and their ammunition are now being unloaded from the transport Orizaba to a large barge. The difficulty is to get the guns ashore through the surf. It is believed that the roads to the front at Santiago are now passable for heavy artillery.

BATTLES OF JULY 1 AND 2.

Official Report of the American Loss. Cable Operators Permitted to Enter Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The War Department received two dispatches from General Shafter over night as follows:

"*Playa del Este*, Camp near Santiago, July 8.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Complete report received to-day of the loss on July 1st and 2d: Killed, 22 officers and 208 enlisted men; wounded, 81 officers and 1,203 enlisted men; missing, 79 enlisted men. The reports, giving the names of the killed and wounded, are being prepared and if is hoped to get them off to-morrow."

"*Playa del Este*, with Army Corps in the field, July 8.—Secretary of War, Washington.—Cable operators were permitted to go in yesterday morning. The English cable was in working order and some of the operators were in the city. General Toral wanted these there as they were the principal men. This cable has not been cut, and the men I sent in have not taken it up again. The English cable has been working all the time through to Havana."

The President has appointed Senator Cullom of Illinois, Senator Morgan of Alabama, Representative Hitt of Illinois, Sanford Dole, President of the Hawaiian republic, and W. F. Frear of Hawaii, to be commissioners under the Hawaiian annexation resolution.

EXPECTED BATTLE DID NOT OCCUR.

Spanish Commanders Began Negotiations for a Conditional Surrender.

WILL NOT BE ENTERTAINED.

U. S. Government Determined Not to Accept Anything But Complete and Final Surrender of the Spanish Forces at Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The great battle expected to-day did not take place, although the armistice expired at noon, with the forces on both sides of Santiago lined up for battle. The reason was that the Spanish commander, who had been in correspondence by telegraph with his home government, was seeking to make terms with General Shafter by which he might save his army from capture. He was willing to give up Santiago without resistance if allowed to retreat with all his men and arms across the island; but this idea was not entertained for a moment by our government. On the contrary, every effort will be put forth to seal up all avenues of escape from Santiago and

Compel Final Surrender

of the Spanish army. To have allowed them to make their way unmolested into the interior would have amounted simply to reinforcing the garrison at Havana by these thousands of trained soldiers who had proven their courage in the fighting in the trenches. On the other hand, to compel their surrender it is believed will be certain to produce an enormous moral effect both in Havana and in Spain itself and thus tend to the protraction of the war. Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin were in communication with Gen. Shafter at Santiago during the day. Both officials, however, declined positively to give out for publication any dispatches relating to the negotiations that are going on between General Shafter and General Linares, or to confirm any of the exciting rumors that were flying through the corridors all day. Nevertheless, it was evident from their manner that a crisis had been reached so far as Santiago was concerned, and that as matters stood at the close of the day there was no reason to be dissatisfied with the outlook. It is known that General Shafter has lost nothing by the armistice; his men are rested, the commissary improved, the roads have been cleared and his artillery is now almost completely placed in a most effective manner. None of these things existed at the beginning of the armistice. On the other hand, the Spanish forces have largely diminished their slender stock of provisions and have steadily lost confidence. As soon as they are convinced that they will be humanely treated and fed and will not be subjected to inhumane treatment, (and the war department proposes that they shall be thus protected,) it is expected there there will be many desertions from the Spanish lines.

An Armistice of Ten Days.

There is the strongest indisposition on the part of the strategists to entertain favorably the proposition said to be under consideration at Madrid looking to an armistice of ten days, in order to consider terms of peace. They believe that the United States has everything to lose and nothing to gain by accepting such a proposition. During that time Camara's squadron might find lodgement in some strongly fortified coast town like Ferrol and thus elude Watson's pursuit. Admiral Sampson contributed nothing further during the day to his first dispatch announcing the possibility of saving the Spanish ships Colon, Maria Teresa and Vizcaya. Telegraphic difficulties have been encountered, but it is not believed there has been anything of importance for the Admiral to chronicle to-day.

The Eastern Squadron.

Naval officials feel that another change may have to be made in the make-up of the Eastern squadron which is to strike a blow against the Spanish coast, as the battleship Iowa suffered some hard knocks during the recent naval battle with Cervera's squadron and it may be necessary to substitute one of the other battleships, pending repairs on the Iowa. No decision on the change has been reached thus far, as the department has not received the report as to the exact condition of our ships after the battle. In the meantime the Associated Press interview with Captain Robley Evans of the Iowa, leads the naval officials to believe that the Iowa will require considerable overhauling before she will be ready for a trip across the ocean. According to Captain Evan's story of the battle,

The Iowa Was Struck Twice

by Spanish shells, and one shell exploded, while the other is embedded, unexploded, near the water line of the ship. This last shot may prove troublesome, as an unexploded shell near the water line is not a desirable adjunct to a battleship, From the light manner in which Capt. Evans speaks of the damage it is not regarded as very serious by the officials here, yet it is probably enough to keep the Iowa from accompanying the Eastern squadron to the coast of Spain. A decision as to whether she will be withdrawn will not be made until the report is received on the condition of the ship. Either the Massachusetts or the Indiana will be substituted for the Iowa, if it be found necessary to make a change. Either of these is as formidable as the Iowa. Their four range guns are of the thirteen-inch type, while those of the Iowa are twelve-inch. In other respects their batteries are similar to the Iowa. They are commonly regarded as rather better seagoing ships than the Iowa. The department has not decided to increase the number of Watson's ships, as has been reported, as it is felt that the list announced yesterday is quite ample to take care of Admiral Camara's squadron now returning hastily to protect the coast of Spain. Camara's only armored ships are the Pelayo and Carlos V, the former of 9,900, the latter 9,090 tons. They are outranked in every point by the ships of the American squadron, armor, armament, speed, size and number of guns and general effectiveness.

Shafter Reinforced.

The War Department is advised that Randolph's six batteries of artillery, the District of Columbia regiment and a regiment of Illinois infantry, which left Tampa several days ago, have reached Santiago.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SPAIN'S WRECKED BATTLESHIPS.

Scenes of Desolation, Ruin, Horror and Death Along the Cuban Coast.

A FEAST FOR THE VULTURES.

Many Dead Washed Ashore Interred by Americans—Some of the Wrecks May Be Saved—Spaniards Looting the Abandoned Ships.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 7, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 8, 11.50 P. M.—The vessels which composed Admiral Cervera's squadron, converted into wrecked charnel houses, are littering the Cuban coast and the scenes of desolation, ruin, horror and death baffle description. At the entrance of the harbor of Santiago lies the Reina Mercedes, sunk at midnight, July 3. Westward, five miles from the harbor, is a torpedo boat destroyer, stuck fast in the rocks, close in shore and battered by the surf. Rocks jutting out of the water just in front of where she lies hide her hull from view. Her davits and the top of her conning tower alone mark her resting place. Visible from the sea, a few miles further, in an inlet embraced by two mighty arms of black rocks that extend half a mile into the sea, are the remains of the twin cruisers Infanta Maria Teresa and Almirante Oquendo, formerly the pride of the Spanish navy. On beyond lies the Vizcaya, a mass of ruins, and forty-two miles away from Santiago the Cristobal Colon lies helpless on her sides, with her smokestacks under water. The Infanta Maria Teresa and the Almirante Oquendo stand upright, stuck fast on the rocky shoals. All that is left of them is their hulls, the heavy armor defying total annihilation. Inside of them the work of destruction is complete. Their boilers, engines, bunkers and magazines have been blown into unrecognizable masses of twisted melted iron. Exploded shells, burned rifles and revolvers, pieces of yellow brass work and gold and silver coin, melted by the intense heat, are strewn all over the remains of the once proud armored cruisers, whose protective decks only stand in place.

Food for Vultures.

But the most ghastly, horrible sight in those silent steel coffins are the mangled, scarred and charred bodies of hundreds of brave sailors, sacrificed for their country. Buzzards are feeding off the dead and hover over the wreckage. On the beach other flocks of vultures sit in silent waiting for the sea to give up its dead. Every tide adds to the tale of horror, washing up such objects as, for instance, a sleeve enclosing a wasted arm, other portions of human bodies gnawed by sharks, and countless relics of the battle. Attention has been given to the burial of the dead of the enemy, and 100 bodies, taken from the ships or washed ashore, have been interred upon the beach by Rear Admiral Sampson's orders. Those which now remain are either almost totally consumed by fire, charred beyond recognition, or lie in the depths of the sea. These form the food of the buzzards who keep constant vigil about the wreck. The buried remains lie in a confused mass, unnumbered and unnamed, on the sandy beach, where the vessels went ashore. A rude wooden cross from the wreckage alone marks the grave; a grave over which Spain may well mourn.

Ships May be Saved.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—The following cablegram was received from Admiral Sampson to-day:

Playa del Este, July 8.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.—Preliminary report from Board ordered to examine wrecks states that wrecking appliances should be gotten here immediately. Think no doubt about saving Vizcaya, Maria Teresa and Cristobal Colon, if haste be made. The Colon is much the most valuable, being in perfect order. Would recommend that the most powerful appliances be sent at once."

The department had already arranged with the Merritt Chapman Wrecking Company to undertake the salvage of these vessels and two of the vessels of that company are now on their way to Santiago. As Sampson's dispatch makes out a much stronger possibility of saving the ships than was supposed, a copy of it has been sent to the contractors with the request to hasten the work and be prepared to send additional assistance if it be found necessary.

Spaniards Looting the Wrecks.

WITH THE FLEET OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA July 8.—Boats' crews from the Texas and the Associated Press dispatch boat landed on the wrecks of the Almirante Oquendo and Infanta Maria Teresa. Commodore Schley saw some Spaniards on board of them and thought our men had better take their arms, but they would not wait. When they neared the ships they saw the Spaniards leaping off and swimming ashore. Not a shot was fired, however. Probably the Spaniards had been looting.

The wrecks are described as looking like big steel buildings after destruction by fire. The deck-beams of the war ships are twisted as if the flames had the power of a tremendous explosion. Side armor plates weighing tons have been wrenched off, and there were many evidences of where the shots of the Brooklyn and Oregon had landed. The decks were strewn with officers' uniforms, provisions and some small-arms. All the guns are ruined, except an 11½-inch gun in the forward turret of the Infanta Maria Teresa, which seems to be in perfect order. There is absolutely no hope of floating the Spanish ships.

SCHLEY AND SAMPSON.

Both Officers to be Promoted in Recognition of Services.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July .9—The President has determined to promote acting Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley, in recognition of their services in the destruction of the Spanish naval fleet in American waters, but is as yet undecided as to the extent of promotion. Although Admiral Sampson ranks Commodore Schley in command of the naval forces in Cuba water, he is subordinate to the officer by two numbers in the naval register. Commodore Schley stands number eight on the list of commodores and Commodore Sampson stands number ten, having been promoted to that grade within the past week. Commodore Watson, also on duty with the fleet at Santiago, is senior to both of the others, standing number six in his grade. When an official report is received a decision will be reached as to the extent of promotion to be made.

CLYDE STEAMER BURNED AT SEA.

The Delaware, from New York for Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla.

EVERYBODY ON BOARD SAVED

Capt. Ingram in Command—The Vessel and Cargo Totally Destroyed—Statements of Passengers—Mysterious Explosions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 9th.—The Barnegat, N. J., Life Saving Station reports at 6 o'clock this morning that the Clyde Line steamer Delaware, from New York for Charleston and Jacksonville, was abandoned off Barnegat at 10.30 o'clock last night, the steamer at the time being on fire. The passengers and crew left the burning vessel in boats and on life-rafts. There were seventy persons in all, and they were rescued by the members of the Cedar Creek Life Saving Station, with the aid of the crew of the fishing smack S. P. Miller.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Advices from Barnegat say that the Life Saving crews, on nearing the Delaware, found that the passengers had been driven from the vessel by flame and heat and were floating on the surface of a calm sea in small boats and on life-rafts. The Cedar Creek life boat was the first to arrive. The life rafts were found to be dangerously overloaded and were lightened in haste until the life boat was full. The fishing smack, S. P. Miller, came up soon afterwards and took aboard the rest of the endangered people. At this time one boat had disappeared in the darkness, and some fear was felt for her saftey. The Miller cruised about in search for her without success for many hours; but she was found when daylight came.

At dawn the Luckenback Towing Company's tug, Ocean King, steamed up, drawn to the spot by the disaster. The passengers and some of the crew were transferred to her, and she continued on her voyage to this city. The captain and twelve of the crew were taken ashore in the surf boats, and boarded a train for New York, to report to the head office.

Jno. H. Mabie, of Hackensack, N. J., who was on the Delaware, said: "I had retired at about 9.45 on Friday night and had barely disrobed, when a steward began hammering at the state-room door, shouting 'All up.' The members of the crew commenced cutting holes in the saloon flooring with axes and hatchets, and from every hole thus cut great flames burst forth and began consuming the cabin furniture. It was apparent at a glance that the vessel was doomed. Preparations were quickly made for taking to the boats. The transfer was made safely, showing the complete discipline under which Captain Ingram had his crew. No boat capsized, neither man nor woman got wet, and the transfer was conducted in a manner most praiseworthy to the officers and crew of the ship."

Thomas H. Wholess, of Austin, Texas, a correspondent of the Galveston *News*, said these were three loud explosions and two minor ones on the ship. Mr. Wholess said: "It was a moonlight night, there was very little wind and the surface of the water was by no means rough. These conditions enabled the ship's officers and crew to effect the transfer of the passengers to the boats with almost military precision. The captain was the last man to leave the ship. He lowered himself over the side of the ship by a rope into a raft. Boat No. 2 in which I had left the ship, was rowed up to the raft, a line was thrown out and we towed the raft clear of the ship, out of danger and away from the fierce flames and terrible heat. The passengers escaped, many only half dressed, and passengers and crew alike lost all their baggage and effects. The passengers and crew were saved by means of our life boats and the two rafts, all of which were provisioned and watered. The women behaved splendidly, and, indeed, there was no excitment among the passengers or crew."

The Delaware was formerly a freighter, but recently when the government secured some of the Clyde Line's passenger ships, the Delaware had to be used for passenger service. She was a wooden ship, built in Philadelphia in 1880 and was valued at $125,000. The vessel was insured, though for what amount could not be ascertained.

The superintendant of the life saving station at Point Pleasant reported this afternoon that the Delaware had sunk about three and a half miles off that place.

BALLOONS FOR THE ARMY.

A Number of Small Ones to be Used in Signalling.

By Telegraph to the Mornnig Star.

TAMPA, FLA., July 9.—A gas plant is just being completed by the government here. The work is in charge of Major Reber, who is attached to the signal corps. Gas will be made here and placed in cylinders and sent to Cuba for use in the balloons, it having been determined that this can be done better than by taking the portable part over. Besides the big thirty-foot observation balloon a number of small seven-by-nine-foot balloons are to be sent over. These small ones are not for observation but for signalling. Each one will be painted a different color, and one will be anchored over each division army, so the whereabouts of each will be known to the other, and there will never be any possibility of one flying on the other. This method of keeping track of the different commands is very highly regarded by army officers.

TRANSPORTS AT TAMPA.

Arrival of the Iroquois and the Cherokee With Wounded From Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, Fla., July. 9.—The Iroquois and Cherokee, two transports from Santiago, arrived here to-night. The latter ship has a large number of wounded who are being transferred to the awaiting hospital trains. The former vessel has only a few wounded on board, having left most of her passengers at Key West.

The Hondurian bark Amapola, which was captured some time ago by the blockading squadron off Havana, was released from quarantine to-day and sailed for Trujillo.

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

THE SITUATION AT SANTIAGO.

Spanish Proposals Submitted But Will Not Be Considered By U. S. Officials.

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER.

Probability That the Bombardment Will Be Carried Out as Originally Intended by the Commander of the American Forces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—A cablegram was received from General Shafter to-night which is understood to make certain recommendations as to action upon the Spanish proposals for conditional capitulation. Immediately after its receipt Secretary Alger, Secretary Long and Adjutant General Corbin went to the White House and are now in conference with the President.

The conference broke up shortly after midnight. Secretary Alger said there had been no reports of firing or action. "But," he added, "there has been some talk of surrender. A proposition has been made which will not be considered, and things, I think, will go on about as they were intended." "Do you mean by that," he was asked, "that the bombardment will be made at once."

"I can't say definitely; but that is very probable," he replied.

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IN FRONT OF SANTIAGO, July 8, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 9, 9 A. M.—There has been absolutely no change in the situation at Santiago de Cuba during the past twenty-four hours. The Spanish authorities are taking time to consider the proposition to surrender and no answer will be made before to-morrow.

Cable operators at the request of the Spanish officials have been allowed to enter Santiago and the matter of the surrender of that city is now being considered with Madrid direct.

The general feeling among the American officers is that the surrender will be made, not necessarily to-morrow (Saturday) but they believe that date will be the beginning of the final negotiations. The Spanish authorities request that hereafter all communications to them be made in Spanish, as "the officers who did the translation for us are no longer with us."

Flags of Truce Displayed.

Orders have been issued that each regiment in the American lines hoist a flag on the trenches in front of the position it occupies. This gives the Spaniards an excellent idea of the extent and location of our lines, but it also makes a very imposing appearance. This morning nearly a score of standards were fluttering at different points along the works, which are now nearly four miles long and enclosing the city on the two sides. It had been proposed that a battalion of sharpshooters be formed from each regiment and battalion in the army, to be commanded by officers of practical proficiency as marksmen and hunters. It is said that this battalion would be able to clear the region near the army of the

Pestiferous Guerillas,

who, from tree-tops or other coverts, make many attempts, some of them successful, to assassinate wounded men as they are being carried to the rear. During the truce, which has now lasted four days, there has been none of this murder business going on; the American officers, therefore, concluded that the guerillas have been engaged in this miserable work under the direct orders or control of the Spanish leaders. Several commissions from Spanish authorities to act as guerilla leaders have been picked up on the battefields of San Juan and El Caney. The story published by a New York paper to the effect that the Spanish prisoners have been turned over to the Cubans, who killed them, is without the slightest foundation in fact. No prisoners have been turned over to the Cubans at any time.

Gen. Miles Expected.

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IN FRONT OF SANTIAGO, July 8, 4 P. M., via Kingston, July 9, noon.—General Shafter has been advised from Washington, under date of July 6, as follows: "Gen. Miles, with heavy reinforcements, leaves to-morrow. Use the greatest care in investing Santiago." This is believed by everybody here to mean that hostilities will not be resumed by our side unless they are forced to an attack until General Miles arrives. Refugees, many of them starving, although loaded with jewels and money, are struggling along the road from Caney to Siboney, The bodies of four women, apparently well-to-do, were found on the road to-day. There is no place for the refugees here. It is probable that the Cubans have been forced to camp elsewhere and leave their base of supplies.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK.

First Ohio Cavalry Ordered to Santiago. The First Corps Soon to Move. Troops Paid Off.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK, July 9.—Owing to the disorders in Chattanooga that have followed the payment of the soldiers at this camp, General Brooke has issued a stringent order, allowing only two men from one company, troop or battery, to be absent from camp at one time. This order is being rigidly enforced.

The First Ohio cavalry to-day received orders to prepare to move on Tuesday next, and proceed to Tampa, where they will embark for Santiago.

Major Nye, commissary of subsistence of the supply depot at Chattanooga, received notice to-day that 360,000 "travel rations" had been purchased and had been shipped to this point. It is understood that this supply is for the First Corps which is under waiting orders to move to the front as soon as transportation can be secured.

There are now at the Park almost 55,000 men. There are only about 200 ill at the Leiter hospital, where the most serious cases are taken. The paymasters completed their work today. They estimate that they have paid out nearly $2,500,000.

CAMARA'S SQUADRON

Sailed Yesterday from Port Said for Carthagena.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PORT SAID, July 9.—At 5 P. M. today the Spanish warships, colliers and troopships sailed for Carthagena.

MESSINA, SICILY, July 9.—The Spanish torpedo boats Audaz, Proserpina and Osade, belonging to Admiral Camara's squadron, have arrived here from Port Said, on their way back to Spain.

PEACE RUMORS EXCITE MADRID.

The Spanish Cabinet Believed to be Divided On the Question.

THH ARMY THE OBSTACLE.

General Blanco and Other Military Leaders Want to Test Their Fighting Capabilities With Americans. Talk of an Armistice.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, July 9, 7 P. M.—Duke Almodo, upon leaving the cabinet council to-day, denied that peace negotiations had been opened, adding: "At the present moment we must talk only of war."

It is the general impression that the cabinet is divided as to the peace question.

A dispatch from Santiago de Cuba announces that American reinforcements have arrived there, and adds that the Reina Mercedes was sunk in order to block the entrance to Santiago.

It is rumored here that the Spanish government has received a dispatch from Captain General Blanco, announcing that Rear Admiral Sampson has sent him a telegraphic dispatch summoning the Spanish commander to order the evacuation of Cuba within forty-eight hours, and announcing that otherwise the Americans will bombard all the forts in Cuba.

The *Liberal* says the Spanish cabinet is considering the question of signing a ten days armistice, in order to facilitate peace.

The Rome correspondent of the *Imparcial* telegraphs that a ten days armistice is coming, but he adds that he thinks the powers, with the vatican, are engineering the movement and are considering the proper form which the armistice should assume.

Senor Sagasta, however, declared after the cabinet meeting that the rumors of an armistice were without foundation, adding that the government is only discussing the means of prosecuting the war.

PARIS, July 9.—The *Temps*, this afternoon, published a dispatch from Madrid which says: "The rumors of peace are universal. They fill the press and all feel that high political circles are inclined to end the struggle on the morrow of new reverses or after a land victory which will satisfy military and national honor. It is beginning to be understood that the loss of the squadron means much increase of the difficulties of communicating with the colonies, that the armies in the West Indies are finally jeopardized by dearth of provisions and munitions. The government is conferring with the British cable companies for the re-opening of communication with Cuba, including Santiago de Cuba, and Manila. It is thought the Americans will not object to the government being placed in a position to consult with the governors of the colonies without loss of time, on the means of defence left them and on the disposition of the troops and the loyal inhabitants."

LONDON, July 10.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Observer* says: "The army is the obstacle to peace. It is unwilling to yield without further fighting. General Blanco and the other military leaders are ashamed to ask for peace without testing their fighting capabilities with the Americans. If they are deprived of the opportunity, they will rise and fight in Spain against the government, and in Cuba on their own account against the invaders. This is the explanation of the perplexity and irresolution of the government."

The *Observer's* Vienna correspondent says: "The Spanish reverses have caused here a fresh outburst of sympathy with Spain, and there is a greater prospect of intervention now than any previous period of the war."

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 3; Louisville, 11.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; New York, 3; (12 innings.)

Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; St. Louis, 2.

Washington—Washington, 3; Baltimore, 10.

Chicago—Chicago, 5; Cincinnati, 3.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Yale and the Columbia left their anchorage off Charleston yesterday morning for Santiago. Miles was safely aboard the Yale and the transfer of troops and baggage was made without an accident of any kind.

Major Gen. F. S. Otis has received orders from the War Department to proceed at once to Honolulu to assist in the ceremonies of the occupation of the Hawaiian islands. General Otis has been ordered to take the First regiment New York infantry, U. S. V., with him to garrison Honolulu.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve decreased $8,668,250; loans increased $12,691,500; specie decreased $5,571,500; legal tenders decreased $1,098,400; deposits increased $7,993,400; circulation decreased $39,400. The banks now hold $53,345,300 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Horrible Benin.

When the expedition took Benin City, they found the altars covered with streams of dried human blood, the stench of which was too awful, the whole grass portion or the compounds simply reeking with it. In the corners of these compounds huge pits, 40 to 50 feet deep, were found filled with human bodies, dead and dying, and a few wretched captives were rescued alive.—"The Benin Massacre."

A Sign.

"I know," said the somewhat irresponsible friend, "that you don't believe in signs in the ordinary sense. But don't you sometimes find yourself in circumstances which cause presentiments of evil?"

"Yes. Every time some people ask me for a loan I feel as if I were going to lose money."—Washington Star.

One of the quickest known ways of dispelling a headache is to give some of the muscles—those of the legs, for instance—a little, hard, sharp work to do. The reason is obvious. Muscular exercise flushes the parts engaged in it and so depletes the brain.

NEW BOOKS FOR SUMMER READING.

"The King's Jackal," by Richard Harding Davis.
"The Forest Lovers," by Maurice Hewlett.
"A Bride of Japan," by Carlton Dawes.
"The Gospel of Freedom," by Herrick.
"The Celebrity," by Churchill.
"A Man at Arms," by Scallard.
"At You-All's House," by Bashett.
"Javan Ben Seir," by Walker Kennedy.
"Penelope's Progress," by Kate Douglas Wiggins.
"The King's Henchman," by Johnson.

All the above and many other new publications at publishers' prices.

HAMMOCKS, "Old Glory," the Stars and Stripes, woven into a Beautiful HAMMOCK.
The "Utopia," the Most Luxurious Hammock Made.

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1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

NO MORE YELLOW FEVER.

The Last Case at McHenry, Miss., Discharged Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The Marine Hospital service to-day gave out the following copy of the telegraphic report from the surgeon in charge at McHenry, Miss., announcing the discharge of the last case of yellow fever at that point. It was dated yesterday and reads: "Last case of yellow fever discharged; tent and bedding in steam disinfector; under treatment none; suspicious none; will continue doing regular sanitary work."

This leaves the entire country without a known case of yellow fever.

FOR SHAFTER'S USE.

Two Lighters and a Tug Arrived Off Santiago.

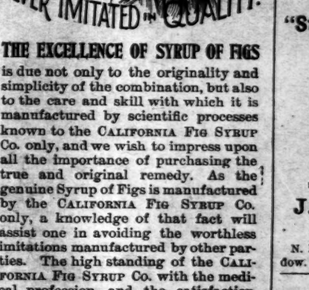
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The War Department to-day received information showing that one 250-ton double deck lighter, one open lighter and a tug had arrived off the southern coast of Cuba for General Shafter's use.

The department to-day secured the steamship Roumania which is to be fitted up for transport purposes. She is a twin-screw vessel and has a large carrying capacity.

All the sick and wounded who are able to bear removal from hospitals near Santiago have been ordered to Hampton Roads by steamers City of Washington and Olivette.

Senator Don Cameron, who is now in London, has cabled to Secretary Long, offering the government the free use for hospital purposes of his magnificent estate on St. Helena island, opposite Port Royal, S. C.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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For the Finest Peaches in the city three times a week at reasonable prices, see L. Tate Bowden No. 6 Princess street. jy 7 tf

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C. S. Garrell has opened a produce commission business at 7 North 2nd street. Shipments from the country solicited and will be handled with care and promptness. City merchants requested to ask for prices. Je 16 D&W 1m

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is the place to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 8 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 113 Second street. Phone 205 sep 21 tf

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AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, HELD JUNE 2ND, THE USUAL

Semi-annual Dividend of 3 Per Cent.

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je 23 tf

W. S. W.
JUL 5 1898

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